

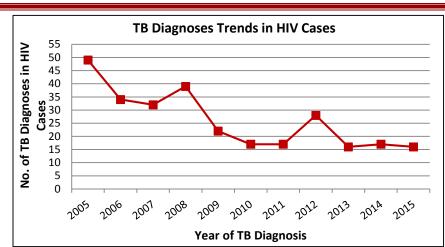
HIV AND TUBERCULOSIS (TB) IN MARYLAND, 2015

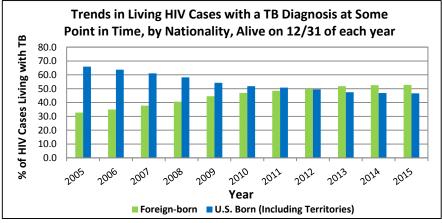
MARCH 2017

New HIV Diagnoses

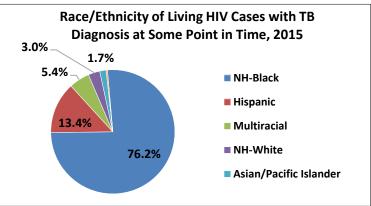
- Of the 1,334 reported HIV diagnoses (age 13+) during 2015 in Maryland, 6 (0.4%) were also diagnosed with TB within the same year.
- The number of TB cases among reported HIV (with or without AIDS) cases (by year of TB diagnosis) peaked at 49 cases in 2005 and decreased to 16 cases in 2015.
- In 2015, the rate of newly reported HIV cases was 26.5 per 100,000 population

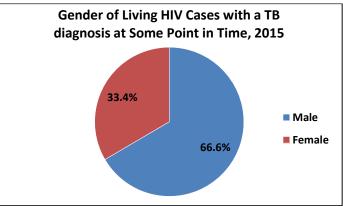
while the rate of newly reported TB cases was 2.9 per 100,000. Among people living with HIV, the rate of newly reported TB cases in 2015 was 50.2 per 100,000. In other words, 1 in every 1,993 people living with HIV in 2015 were diagnosed with TB in 2015.





Of the 31,883 total living Maryland HIV cases in 2015, 297 (0.9%) had a TB diagnosis at some point in time. Of these, 138 (46%) were born in the U.S. or U.S. Territory and 157 (53%) were foreign-born. Of those who were foreign-born, 72% originated from Africa. The proportion of foreign-born HIV cases with a TB diagnosis at some point in time has been increasing since 2002.





- Among the 297 people living with HIV in 2015 that have had a TB diagnosis at some point in time, 34% were female, 66% were male, 76% were non-Hispanic (NH) black, 3% were NH-white, 13% were Hispanic, and 5% were another or mixed race.
- * Infectious Disease Epidemiology and Outbreak Response Bureau, Center for TB Control & Prevention

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation, Prevention and Health Promotion Administration, Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene. Data reported through 06/30/2016 from the Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System.